

## SODzyme® with GliSODin® &amp; Wolfberry

**90 vegetarian capsules**

Item Catalog Number: 00961

 **Featured Video**

Internally produced antioxidants — including the enzymes superoxide dismutase (SOD) and catalase — are the body's primary defense against free-radical assault, offering up to thousands of times more protection against certain dangerous free radicals than dietary antioxidants.

The body's supply of youthful antioxidant enzymes rapidly decreases with age.<sup>49, 50</sup> Fortunately, SODzyme® with GliSODin® & Wolfberry combines three advanced ingredients to help replenish the body's supply of SOD, vastly enhancing its natural antioxidant defenses.

The first nutrient is SODzyme®, a proprietary plant-based extract. In a study of 12 middle-aged volunteers who took 2,000 mg of SODzyme® daily for two weeks, SODzyme® boosted serum SOD levels by 30% on average, and reduced toxic hydrogen peroxide by 47%.<sup>51</sup>

The second ingredient contained in this formula is GliSODin®, a patented, plant-derived form of SOD. In an animal study, small amounts of orally administered GliSODin® raised blood levels of SOD by 89% and increased catalase levels by 171%.<sup>52</sup>

The third ingredient provided is a standardized wolfberry (*Lycium barbarum*) fruit extract. Wolfberry is found to have the highest ORAC values of all fruits, and is effective in scavenging superoxide radicals and in preventing their formation. When given to patients aged 64–80, wolfberry increased blood levels of SOD by 48% and lowered dangerous blood lipid peroxides by 65% in only 10 days!<sup>53</sup>

**References****Supplement Facts**

Serving Size 3 vegetarian capsules

Servings Per Container 30

**Amount Per Serving**

|   |         |
|---|---------|
| SODzyme® Proprietary Phytoenzyme Blend ( <i>Glycine max</i> , <i>Zea mays</i> , wheat sprout concentrate)   | 2000 mg |
| Superoxide Dismutase/Gliadin Complex (GliSODin®) [SOD (Superoxide Dismutase) NBT† Enzyme Activity = 100 IU] | 100 mg  |
| Wolfberry ( <i>Lycium barbarum</i> ) extract (fruit) [std. to 20% polysaccharides (20 mg)]                  | 100 mg  |

Other ingredients: vegetarian capsule, dicalcium phosphate, magnesium stearate, silica.

Contains soybeans and wheat. Contains gluten and corn.

This product contains NO milk, egg, fish, peanuts, crustacean shellfish (lobster, crab, shrimp), tree nuts, yeast, or rice. Contains NO sugar, artificial sweeteners, flavors, colors, or preservatives.

NBT† corresponds to the melon extract quantity inhibiting 50% of NitroBlue Tetrazolium reduction.

Isocell SA, France is the owner of US Patents Nos. 6,045,809 and 6,426,068B1 and trademark of GliSODin®.

**Dosage and Use**

- Take three capsules early in the day, preferably on an empty stomach, or as recommended by a healthcare practitioner.

**Caution**

Do not take if you are allergic to soy, corn, wheat, yeast or gluten.

**Warnings**

- Keep out of reach of children.
- Do not exceed recommended dose.
- Do not purchase if outer seal is broken or damaged.
- If you have a bad reaction to product discontinue use immediately.
- When using nutritional supplements, please consult with your physician if you are undergoing treatment for a medical condition or if you are pregnant or lactating.

All Contents Copyright © 1995-2009 Life Extension Foundation All rights reserved.

**LifeExtension®**

These statements have not been evaluated by the FDA. These products are not intended to diagnose, treat, cure or prevent any disease. The information provided on this site is for informational purposes only and is not intended as a substitute for advice from your physician or other health care professional or any information contained on or in any product label or packaging. You should not use the information on this site for diagnosis or treatment of any health problem or for prescription of any medication or other treatment. You should consult with a healthcare professional before starting any diet, exercise or supplementation program, before taking any medication, or if you have or suspect you might have a health problem. You should not stop taking any medication without first consulting your physician.